

SAMUEL GULLY & CO.

Phenomenal Silk Petticoat Sale.

Encouraged by the tremendous sales in our silk petticoat department, we have made a large purchase of plain and striped taffeta silk petticoats (something different from what we have shown before) the regular price is \$8.50 we offer them at

\$5.48 Each.

More of those silk petticoats, black and colors,

\$3.98 Each.

Handsome taffeta silk petticoats, wide flounce, great value, choice at

5.00 Each.

SILK WAISTS

Handsome waists in colors for evening wear, 14 shades, if we haven't your size or color we will order it; your choice

\$6.00 Each.

Extra values in silk and satin waists.

SAMUEL GULLY & CO.

84, 86, 88, Main St.

\$4.37 Cash

Will buy a barrel of the Uncle Sam Best Bread Flour.

This is a cash sale, under no circumstances will we book a barrel at the price.

Have a full car just in and my storage is limited.

This price will not last but a few days.

Can show you the kind of bread it makes.

Deerfoot sausage and bacon, Blue Point and Peilham Bay oysters in glass.

M. V. N. BRAMAN,
101 Main Street.
Telephone 220.

He Who Knows Says...

I have used your coal a great deal in my business, am now using it in my engine-boiler and heater and find it the best we have used. It excels all others. Truly spake H. S. Simmons, who thought out and makes "Simmons Boiler Settings." His knowledge of heat economy is firmly established here. It was

PITTSFORD COAL
'nuf said.

W. C. BAXTER & CO.,
Tel. 257-3. 53 HOLDEN ST

We Are

Thinking that Xmas will soon be here, therefore we expect large demands on us. But we are prepared to meet them all. I will not try to enumerate our good things, but a visit to our store will be convincing that you can get just what you want.

For Pies

Full lines of Evaporated Fruits, Pumpkin, Mince Meat, Etc. Our stock is complete in all kinds of Canned Goods. We have fancy Table Raisins.

19 Eagle Street

Telephone 28-5.

H. A. Sherman.

MILES ON THE ARMY

A Soldier to Every One Thousand People.

We Must Have the Forces of a First Class Power. Native Soldiers In Colonies.

OPINION OF GEN. MILES.

Recommends a Soldier to Every Thousand People and Native Soldiers in Colonies.

Washington, Dec. 12.—Major General Miles appeared today before the house committee of military affairs for the hearing relative to the proposed reorganization and increase of the army. Two bills for this purpose are pending, one drawn by General Miles and introduced in the house by Chairman Hull of the military committee.

At the outset General Miles addressed himself to the general need of increasing the army without reference to either bill. He said he had always favored the establishment of a fixed standard for the army. The experience of last year, he said, had demonstrated that our present military system was inadequate to maintain the position as a first-class power. It was necessary to consider both our military requirements at home and those in our colonial dependencies abroad and also the rapidly increasing demands made by our sea coast fortifications. The latter as far as completed require some 135 batteries of artillery and when the entire increase in coast defense was completed 355 batteries would be required. The war with Spain had shown pretty clearly how many men would be required.

General Miles said the war had required 52,000 men for actual field operations at various points. Of these, 22,000 went to Manila, 20,000 to Cuba and 10,000 to Porto Rico. These were men actually in the presence of a hostile enemy. Since then there had been reinforcements for garrison and other purposes. At the same time the general pointed out the necessities at home must not be overlooked. The entire frontier had been stripped of troops during the late war and complaints were coming that the families and property of those along the frontier were jeopardized by this condition. In particular there were fears of outbreak in the Sioux country because of the absence of troops. It was not desirable, therefore, so to withdraw our forces from the frontier and to leave them defenceless or invite disaster.

These considerations, General Miles said, had led him to recommend a standard of one soldier for each thousand at home, with native troops in newly acquired colonies on a basis of two native soldiers for every thousand of the population. "If we are a first-class power in the world," proceeded General Miles, "we must have a military system adequate to meet our responsibilities the world over. I believe in making that system so small that it will not be a menace to the American people and, at the same time, large enough to make it adequate for any emergency."

"The science of war had undergone a complete change since the days of our forefathers," General Miles said, "and now smokeless powder and long range rifles and machine guns are the decisive elements. With this changed condition he thought one soldier to a thousand of the population would give an army entirely adequate to every need. It would give an army of 62,000 according to the last census and about 75,000 on the estimated population of today. The use of native troops would make an effective body in the several colonies.

General Miles continued: "We now have a greater number of our men abroad than any other country except perhaps Great Britain. The British forces in Egypt are hardly more than 35,000 men. On the basis of two native soldiers for every one thousand population natives troops in Porto Rico would be recruited up to about 2000 and in Cuba up to about 3000, and if we are to keep the Philippines, and I have no more idea that we will give up Manila than we will give up Bunker Hill or any other place immortalized in our history, this native force will largely augment our own troops there, and I understand the natives are ready to enter upon this service."

TO RAISE THE MAINE.

Senator Hoar Wants Soldiers Discharged to Return to Former Activity.

Washington, Dec. 12.—In the senate today Messrs. Hale of Maine and Hoar of Massachusetts presented resolutions from citizens of their states against the extension of American sovereignty over the Philippines and against the acquisition of foreign territory without the consent of the people of such territory. Mr. Pettigrew introduced a bill authorizing A. Bartlett to raise the battleship Maine and transport it to the United States.

Mr. Hoar also introduced the following resolution: "That the committee on military affairs be instructed to inquire and report as soon as may be whether some policy may not be established by law by which the soldiers in the regular army, who have families or parents depending upon them for support, or whose education or opportunities in business will be seriously interfered with if they longer continue in military service, and who are enlisted for the war or under assurance that they would be held only while the war lasted, may be promptly discharged and their places, so far as is necessary, be filled by new recruits."

GENERAL GARCIA'S FUNERAL.
The General's Family Receive the News in Midst of a Happy Scene.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The arrangements for the funeral of Gen. Garcia have not been completed. Military arrangements are in the hands of the war department. All honors of war will be bestowed on the remains of the distinguished Cuban patriot.

It has been decided to hold the funeral tomorrow at 10 o'clock at St. Patrick's church. The government placed a warship at the disposal of the Cubans for the removal of the body to Cuba.

Thomasville, Ga., Dec. 12.—In the midst of laughter and flowers the wife and two daughters of Gen. Garcia received the tidings of the death of the General. The blow was terrible in its suddenness and prostrated the entire family. They were sitting down to dinner, the table gay with flowers. In the midst of a happy scene the shocking news was received.

Anti-Dreyfus Mob.

Paris, Dec. 12.—The prefect of Algiers has suspended the mayor of Algiers for a month on account of a speech attacking the governor general.

There was an anti-Dreyfus demonstration this afternoon. The mob marched to the prison where Picquart is confined, declaring they should spit on Picquart, who could hear them from his prison. The crowd then serenaded Gen. Zurlinden, cheering the army.

To Publish Treaty.

Madrid, Dec. 12.—The text of the peace treaty, now complete and signed, will be published in the red book before the opening of the cortes.

Charged With Incendiarism.

New Britain, Conn., Dec. 12.—Peter Smik, a Pole, aged about 25, was arrested in Kensington and brought to this city on suspicion of being an incendiary. The officers announce that they have discovered a nest of firebugs and allege that Smik is the leader. During the last two years 11 fires apparently of incendiary origin have occurred in the "Blue Hills" district between Kensington and Meriden, and in each case the owner of the property was a Pole, and there was a heavy insurance. New Britain insurance agents formed suspicions and had officers working on the case for three months. It is intimated that more arrests will soon follow, as it is thought Smik can be induced to confess.

Lawyer In Disgrace.

Cleveland, Dec. 12.—State Senator Vernon H. Burdick will be expelled from the Cleveland Bar association. Judge Frank E. Deilenbaugh will be investigated. The Bar association arrived at this decision after three hours of deliberation. The report submitted to the trial committee, which consisted of the expulsion of Burdick and the investigation of Deilenbaugh, was adopted by the vote of 80 to 20.

SENTIMENT AT MADRID

Memorandum Protesting Against American "Act of Violence."

Spain Refused the Rights Granted to Criminals.

President McKinley's Reference to the Maine Stirrs Up Feeling of Angor.

Madrid, Dec. 12.—The government entirely approves the memorandum of protest against the action of the United States commissioners filed by Senor Rios at Paris.

The memorandum protests against the refusal of the Americans to surrender the securities deposited in the treasuries of Cuba and Porto Rico by private Spaniards, remarking that "never has a civilized nation committed such an act of violence."

Secondly, it protests against the ultimatum demanding the Philippines.

Third—It protests against the position in which these Spaniards are placed who desire to remain in Cuba.

Fourth—It protests against the reference to the destruction of the Maine in President McKinley's message to the United States congress. On this point the memorandum says:

"Spain has proposed arbitration, but the United States refuses to give her the right which is granted to a criminal, namely, the right of defending himself. The Spanish commissioners leave the care of fixing the responsibility for the explosion to the entire world, which will say whether those are responsible who desire the truth or those refusing to seek it."

The newspapers generally express relief at the signing of the treaty. The independent organs, most of the provincial papers and the Carlist and Republican journals attack both political parties.

El Imparcial alone publishes the contents of the treaty, which produces a less unfavorable impression than had been expected, owing to the commercial and other concessions to Spain.

El Liberal says: The Paris negotiations offer a far sadder spectacle than the ships which are bringing back our repatriated soldiers, deplorable as the condition of the latter is.

The cabinet, it is said, will meet the cortes intact. Senor Sagasta will ask an indemnity bill for the cessation of the Philippines. The cabinet will then declare that, as it finds itself at a crisis, it cannot admit any debate and will, therefore, demand the immediate adoption of the bill, after which Senor Sagasta will submit the question of confidence to the queen regent.

El Herald says the government believes that, in the present circumstances, the holders of the Philippine debt will accept the arrangement arrived at, and considers that the Cuban bondholders should demand of the future government of Cuba a fulfillment of the contract by placing a mortgage on the customs which guarantee the debt.

London Newspaper Comment.

London, Dec. 12.—The editorials in the London morning papers express satisfaction at the signing of the peace treaty, the negotiations for which, The Daily News remarks, have occupied rather longer than the war.

The Times, pretty accurately representing the views of the other papers, says: Spain has lost her colonies because her colonial system was founded upon spoliation and tyranny. The United States have not treated her any more harshly than Germany treated France in 1871 or Russia treated Turkey in 1878. Therefore the Spanish memorandum of protest is unreasonable and unjustified. The article then refers to the difficulties facing the United States, and expresses confidence that the "healthy vigor and practical capacity of the Anglo-Saxon" will be fully competent to deal with them.

"In Time of Peace."

Berlin, Dec. 12.—Emperor William yesterday received the recently elected presidents of the Reichstag. In the course of a general conversation, he said that, although Germany was on a peaceful and friendly footing with all the powers, the international situation required great attention, as, "indeed, every layman can see for himself." Therefore, his majesty urged, it was necessary to carry out the proposed completion and perfecting of the army. "What I propose," he remarked, "is certainly not much, but consideration for the tax-paying capacity of the country would not permit more to be proposed."

Suspicion of Poisoning.

Bridgeport, Conn., Dec. 12.—James Begley, a war pensioner, died at his home here yesterday, supposedly from poison administered by some unknown party. He drew his pension Saturday and a few hours afterwards he went into a store and fell unconscious. He was removed to his home and died without regaining consciousness. His money had disappeared. A post mortem examination was held and it is the belief that Begley encountered some party who first drugged and then robbed him.

Warning to Bad Chinnamen.

London, Dec. 12.—The Pekin correspondent of The Daily Mail says: An imperial rescript, just issued, sentences to death a Chinese literatus who wrote threatening letters to a foreign missionary in Kiang Si, and confers high Chinese honors on the missionary for his tact and forbearance in this matter. The edict established the Chinese, and the action of the empress dowager is likely to have a salutary effect.

Resignation Accepted.

New York, Dec. 12.—The congregation of Plymouth church, represented by a large advisory committee of its prominent members, decided yesterday to accept the resignation of Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, to take effect on May 1. After Jan. 1 Dr. Abbott will be relieved of all participation in the active management of the church, and will simply preach when his health permits.

LOCAL NEWS.

MR. TILLEY RESIGNS POSITION As Superintendent of City Farm. Reasons For His Action.

Merritt E. Tilley, superintendent of the city farm, handed his resignation to City Almoner Woodhead this afternoon. The resignation will in all probability be accepted, and while a final decision has not yet been reached, it is expected that the management of the farm will change hands about January 1. The new superintendent it is believed will be Mr. Cook, who has been employed on the Fitchburg road.

The cause of the resignation is in dispute. Mr. Woodhead says it was on account of the salary, and that Mr. Tilley wants more pay. Mr. Tilley, who was seen this afternoon, denies this emphatically, and says his resignation was due, in large measure, to anonymous communications that have been made about him. He says there was some dispute over the inventory when he went to the farm, and that this has made him enemies.

Both Mr. Tilley and Mr. Woodhead claim that the management has been satisfactory, and the condition of the farm now is far better than when Mr. Tilley took charge.

THROWN FROM 35-FOOT LADDER

Base Slipped on Icy Sidewalk, and William Snyder Badly Hurt.

William Snyder, an employee of the electric light company, fell 25 feet from a ladder to the sidewalk on Eagle street this afternoon, and was seriously injured. The ladder, which was 35 feet long, slipped on the icy sidewalk next to the Witherell building on Eagle street, and Mr. Snyder, who was nearly at the top, was thrown heavily. He struck on his face, cutting a bad wound just over the right eye.

He was carried into Simmons & Carpenter's rooms, and Dr. O. J. Brown was called. He found that in addition to the face wound, Mr. Snyder was badly hurt in the side and ankle. The accident attracted a big crowd.

No Complaint, Whatever Happens.

It was reported to the police Sunday that two Sullivan brothers on State street were killing each other. Their sister brought the report in great alarm. Officers Walsh and Whipple went to the house at once, and found Mrs. Sullivan cut on the arm, and considerable blood on the floor. But neither Mrs. Sullivan nor any of the household would explain it. The woman said she hurt her arm by slipping on the ice. Dr. Curran was called to care for her, and said it was impossible to tell how she was cut.

In District Court.

Pietro Bevilacqua was accused in district court today of assaulting Felici Blazio with a dangerous weapon last Friday, using a revolver. The case was continued.

Peter Eyo, charged with forgery at the postoffice, was discharged. G. B. Cleveland was accused of stealing a real estate deed from John Dineen, and the case was continued.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—Special services were held at the Jewish synagogue Sunday, on account of the feast of Maccabees.

—Severala, the hypnotist, will put Paul Smith to sleep in Gilbert Maxwell's store window tomorrow night, to sleep for 48 hours.

—A large water pipe owned by the Windsor print works burst Saturday night, and for a long time a large amount of water escaped.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. London of Troy were the guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Childs of Clarkburg. Mr. London has been in the employ of the Fitchburg railroad in Troy for a number of years and is soon to be transferred to Boston. He was formerly the local agent of the Troy & Boston railroad.

AN EXCITED CROWD

Advocated Ramp Nocturns For Alleged Hoodlums of Chicago.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—Central Music hall was filled yesterday with citizens of Chicago, who had gathered in mass convention in order to protest against the extension of the franchise of Chicago's street car lines to 50 years. Early in the meeting the speakers dwelt mainly upon the question of compensation for extension of street car grants, but before it closed the proposition of municipal ownership was extensively touched on, and received generous applause.

Franklin H. Head presided, and the speakers were Mayor Harrison, former Governor Argell, George E. Cole, John M. Eariar and Rev. Father Hodnett.

Ex-Governor Altgeld was first to address to the subject of municipal ownership, and his remarks aroused the greatest enthusiasm of the meeting. Referring to the alleged use of money in the city council, Mr. Altgeld said: "How can we stop this thing?"

"Hang them," "Get a rope," "Hang the hoodlums," responded the audience.

The resolutions which were prepared in advance were found inadequate to the sentiment of the meeting, and a resolution was included favoring municipal ownership of the street car lines, if not this year, then when the present grant expires in 1903.

A fire at Franklin, Mass., destroyed the sawmill, box factory and grain store of Metcalf & Son, and partially gutted a tenement. The loss will be nearly \$21,000.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has received information that foot and mouth disease is raging in the province of Hainaut, Belgium.

Giveable - - Wearables

The strong point about Cutting Corner giveables is that they are wearable. If your purchases are for men and boys be sure and visit our store before spending one cent.

\$10 Kersey Overcoat

Is made from long fibre all wool with satin shoulder and sleeve lining and fancy worsted body lining. This coat is certainly cheap at \$12, sizes 34 to 44.

\$5.89 Wool Suit

This is the special holiday drive in black cheviot \$7.50 and hair lined cashmere \$7 suits—some 50 in all.

Boys' \$3.00 Reefer

Is a special storm collar reefer, heavy and warm as a steam pipe—besides it's a good wearer.

Boys' \$2.52 Suit

Comes in dark and light shades, heavy cassimere and suitable for dress or school. Double seat and knee and wear proof—sizes 4 to 16.

C. H. Cutting & Co.

Cutting Corner.

Wholesalers-Retailers.

The place to get your Christmas Presents is at

Pratt's Cut Price Drug Store.

Watch Our Windows.

Our stock is large and comprises the following articles suitable for Christmas presents. Atomizers, Pungents or Smelling Salt Bottles, Puff Boxes and Sets, Perfumes, all kinds and a large variety of goods suitable for Christmas Presents.

Below is a list of our many bargains,

Mellon's Food, 75c size	55c	Pinkham's Compound, \$1 size	60c
Mellon's Food, 50c size	34c	Green's Nervura, \$1 size	80c
Malted Milk, 50c size	38c	Paine's Celery Compound, \$1 size	63c
Malted Milk, \$1 size	75c	Purina's, \$1 size	65c
Malted Milk, \$3.75 size	\$3.00	Quinine's Hyomel, \$1 size	69c
Maltine Preparations, \$1.00 size	75c	Quinine Pills 2 gr., 5c per doz. 6 doz. 25c	
Melk Tea, 25c size	17c	A 50c famb's wool sponge	25c
Caroline's (genuine) 35c size	25c	A 50c chamolis skin	25c
Blood Wine, 50c size	32c	Chest protectors	50 and 75c
Blood Cordial, 50c size	33c	One Box Pure Glycerine Soap, 4 cakes 13c	
Beef, Iron and Wine, 50c size	38c	Hot water bags, 50c size	30c
Bacon's Celery King, 50c size	38c	Hot water bags \$1 size	50c
A large bottle of Lavender, Violet, Florida or Cologne Water,	40c	Atomizers, regular price \$1.00, our price,	50c
One Quart Best Bay Rum	50c	Perfume Atomizers	25c to \$3
A two-ounce bottle of the best Extract Vanilla, Orange or Lemon	25c	Pungents	25c to \$3
Hood's Sarsaparilla, \$1 size	60c	We can save you 20 to 50 per cent. on Christmas Presents, Patent Medicines, Prescriptions, etc.	
Dana's " " \$1 size	60c	Try our Hot Soda with Whipped Cream and Saltines, 5c.	
Brown's Sarsaparilla \$1 size	60c		

JOHN H. C. PRATT,

The Pioneer Cut-Price Druggist,

30 Main St. Opp. State St.

SACRIFICES IN FURNITURE.

Cash or Installment.

New kitchen stoves and ranges,	from \$18.00 to \$35.00	New bedroom suits, from \$15.00 to \$35.00
New parlor stoves,	from \$15.00 to \$25.00	Six-foot extension tables \$3.50 to 7.00
Second hand kitchen stoves,	from \$3.00 to \$15.00	Brass and iron bedsteads, 3.25 to 12.00
Second hand parlor stoves,	from \$1.00 to \$5.00	Upholstered chairs, all colors, 15c each. Extension and woven wire springs at \$2.00. Crochery at your own price.

Remember the place 85 Center St. Fishery block, near Eagle St.

GREENBURG & BOUCHARD.

Elegant Goods....

The people say that a jewelry store should be judged by the stock of watches and Diamonds it carries. If such is the fact then our store should be headquarters for Christmas shoppers.

DIAMONDS.....

Our stock is superb. In Rings; Brooches, Pins, yes, some in Watches with diamond settings. You will not find a better assortment in the city.

WATCHES.....

For ladies or gentlemen, large and small, Gold or Silver, all the standard works and at prices that will tempt you.

CUT GLASS.....

Beautiful goblets, embracing every conceivable dish, in the most elegant patterns.

SILVERWARE.....

From a souvenir spoon to an elegant tea set. Late designs, rich and rare.

CANES and UMBRELLAS.....

With gold and silver handles. An assortment which will please.

ENGRAVING.....

Remember we will engrave initials or monogram on your purchases free, making the present the more acceptable.

...L. M. Barnes...

Jeweler.

5 Wilson House Block.

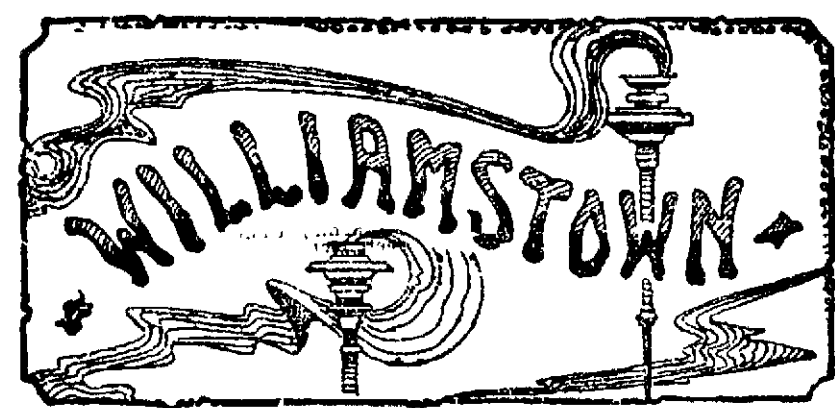
Baker-Rose GOLD CURE Sanitarium Of Massachusetts.

Park Avenue, North Adams, Mass.

The Baker-Rose treatment for LIQUOR habit has proved its superiority over other methods shown by the number of releases from other treatment houses. In Massachusetts alone we have treated and cured over one hundred during the last four years. Our specialty is the scientific treatment and CURE of LIQUOR, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine and Chloral habits. Correspondence and interviews strictly confidential.

Reliable References Furnished.

.....Telephone 33-12



In Old Paper—Firm's Fair Postponed—A Novel Pet—Pupils' Recital—Malicious Mischief—Suit Against the Town—Drum Corps Organized.

SUIT AGAINST THE TOWN.

Judge S. G. Tenney, as counsel for Mrs. Hannah M. White, has entered a suit against the town to compel the removal of the wall from the watering tub in front of her premises, on the ground that it is a nuisance and detrimental to her property. The history of the case is familiar to the readers of The Transcript. Some time after the tub and wall were erected by the Village Improvement society the selectmen were petitioned to remove them on the grounds above stated. A public hearing was given and the selectmen decided not to move the tub and wall. Later they were requested to move the wall, nothing being said this time about the tub. A hearing was set for last Friday afternoon, when the selectmen were asked by Judge Tenney to render a decision in writing without further argument. Leave to withdraw was granted. All requests having been refused, Mrs. White has determined to see what can be done by compulsion, and the consequence is the suit entered in the superior court today by Judge Tenney. It is not known at what term the case will be tried.

PUPILS' RECITAL.

The first recital of the music pupils of Miss Florence Cragg was held Saturday afternoon at the Lawrence house on Southworth avenue, where Miss Cragg boards, and there is much interest in the game. The class has arranged for a match game with the North Adams high school girls and it is expected that a game will also be played with the girls of the normal school.

DRUM CORPS ORGANIZED.

The Williamstown drum corps, which was recently organized, is progressing well and the ranks are now nearly filled. The officers are: President, Frank Quinn; vice-president, Terrence Quinn; secretary, Wallis Sherman. A. A. Belding will be the instructor. The corps was organized by George W. Williams, who is its manager, and an effort will be made to give the town an organization of which it will not be ashamed. Mr. Williams was a veteran of the rebellion war, was a member of Company K, 28th U. S. colored infantry. He served one year as bass drummer and two years as four months in the ranks. He is much interested in the drum corps and will do all in his power for its success.

FIREMAN'S FAIR POSTPONED.

Gale Hose company's fair, which was to open Wednesday evening for four nights, has been postponed until after Christmas. This is the Advent season and it was found that the holding of the fair at this time would not be pleasant to the Catholic members of the company and others who are interested in the fair. There is to be dancing every night and for these reasons the event has been postponed. The arrangements had been practically completed, but there is no doubt that under the circumstances the proper thing has been done and that the action will prove a benefit rather than a detriment to the fair.

MALICIOUS MISCHIEF.

A hydrant near W. J. Duntun's house on Water street was badly damaged the other night by some malicious person. The upper end of the rod to which the wrench is attached to let on and shut off the water was broken off, rendering the hydrant useless until a new rod is put in. Superintendent Sanford took up the hydrant and set a new one in its place. If he could find out who did the mischief there would be trouble.

A NOVEL PET.

Harry Roberts, the young son of S. H. Roberts, has a novel pet in the form of a large owl which he captured the day after Thanksgiving. The boy shot at the owl and disabled one wing so that he could not fly, then caught him. The bird has become so tame that he will take food from the hand and allow himself to be stroked on the back, and he is undoubtedly living better than he would if he had never encountered the young hunter. The owl was captured on Stone hill.

AN OLD PAPER.

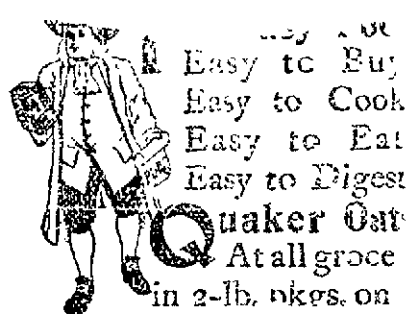
D. K. Hunter is looking over some old papers the other day found among them a copy of the New York Herald published the day after the assassination of President Lincoln in 1865. The paper contains a full account of the tragedy and a cut of Lincoln, and is now regarded by Mr. Hunter as an interesting relic.

E. B. Noel is putting storm windows on his house.

A. Belding will move his wagon business to his shops on Cole avenue as soon as his loss is adjusted. He estimates his loss at \$750. The brick building on Cole avenue will be used for a store house and paint shop and the other work will be done in the wooden building in the rear.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Noyes, who live on Augustus Torrey's farm at Hemlock Brook, entertained a party of friends Thursday evening.

Harry Potter has hired of F. C. Severance a store on Spring street next door north of Noyland & Quinn's and



Easy to Buy
Easy to Cook
Easy to Eat
Easy to Digest
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. on

DR. C. T. KINSMAN,
Dentist.

Noyes block, Spring street, Williamstown.

DR. CHARLES D. TEFTE,
Dentist.

Water, corner Main Street, Williamstown, Mass.

A Ton of Comfort

Goes with every ton of coal

which leaves our yard. Our

Pittston Coal

Is free from stone or slate

and is economical.

Frederick Mather, Agt

Office in D. W. Noyes' store,

Spring Street, Williamstown.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Clocks, watches and Jewelry,

Silver Plated Ware, Crockery, Glass and

Tin Ware. 50 per cent discount for 30

days to make room for new goods.

L. A. Hunt, 20 Spring St

Jeweler and Optician.

will open a fish and oyster market this

week.

A new four-inch water pipe has been

laid to the neighborhood north of

Hopkins' hall, where the houses of

several professors are located, and a

hydrant has also been set there to

afford better protection from fire.

A notice has been placed on the

door of the Cottage hotel, where the

room took place a week ago, calling

upon any persons interested in the

liquor seized there to appear in court

January 4 and show why they should

not be forfeited to the state.

A continued case against William

Rudman and Chester Godfrey, charged

with cutting timber on land owned by

George Beverly of the White Oaks, was

heard in the police court Saturday

morning. There is a dispute about the

title of the land on which the defend-

ants cut an oak tree. Godfrey was

discharged and the case against Rud-

man was filed away.

Letters are advertised at the post-

office for E. M. Armstrong, W. S. Cash,

Rev. A. Davis, Fabrigon, Miss Esther

Farwell, Frank Jackson, Lever &

Maher, C. M. Mathews, R. H. Morton,

Harrie E. Stanton, Philip Trombley,

Rev. E. C. Farwell returned Saturday

from Greenwich, N. Y., where he

had been all the week assisting Rev.

Mr. Smith in conducting special ser-

vices. He will be in North Pownal,

Vt., three days this week assisting

Rev. A. M. Woodruff in similar ser-

vices.

All are invited to attend a social to

be held in the Methodist Sunday school

room this evening by the King's

Daughters. Refreshments will be served

and a pleasant time is assured.

E. E. Hopkins post, G. A. R., will

elect officers for the year this evening.

A regular meeting of the Cosmopolitan

club will be held this evening.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you

a package of GRAIN-O, the new food

drink that takes the place of coffee.

The children may drink it without in-

jury as well as the adult. All who try

it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich vel-

vet brown of Mocha or Java, but it is de-

livered from pure grains and the most deli-

cious stomach receives it without dis-

tress. It is the price of coffee. 15 cents

and 25 cents per package. Sold by all

grocers.

THE HOMELIEST MAN IN NORTH

ADAMS.

As well as the handsomest and others

are invited to call on any druggist

and get free a trial bottle of Kemp's

Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a

remedy that is guaranteed to cure and

relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs,

Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption.

Price 25 and 50 cents.

"P. H. Chase & Co's pure barley ma-

whiskey is recommended by physicians

or household and medicinal uses. At

M. Welch & Co. and all druggists.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

All druggists refund the money if it

fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has

E. Q. on each tablet.

A Self Conscious Estimate.

"How do you think modern Ameri-

can statesmanship compares with the

old school?"

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum,

"I'm willing to give the old fellows

the nod. They could write better

schoolbook recitations than we can, but

they didn't have our idea of business."

—Washington Star.

Not So Very Strange.

"He tells me he has proposed in six

different languages."

"That's strange."

"Oh, I don't know! He speaks five

languages so abominably that five girls

didn't understand what he was talking

about. The sixth girl took him."

—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

Quit tobacco easily and forever, be made

full of life, nerve and vigor, take Dr. J. C.

Wheeler's Wonderful Cough and Croup

Remedy. It cures Cough, Croup, Whoop-

ing Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore

Throat, and all Lung troubles. Cures

all kinds of Coughs, Croup, Whoop-

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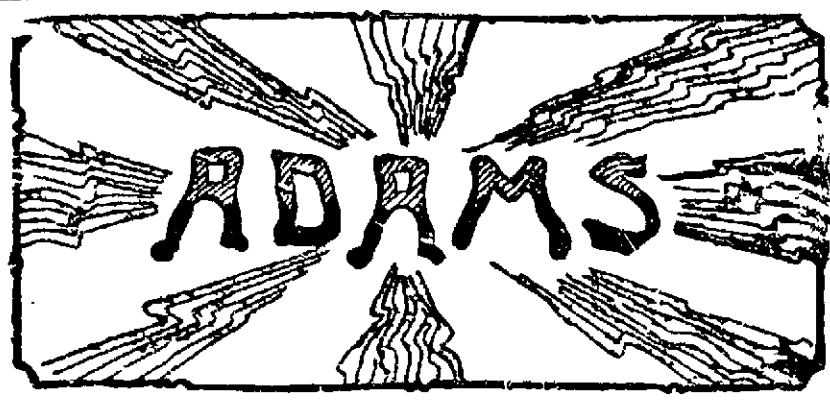
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SATURDAY EVENING'S FIRE.

An alarm of fire was rung in from box 41 at the corner of Center and Crandall streets about 10:10 o'clock Saturday evening. The first time the whistle blew 21, then 31 and then 41. The man who has charge of the system says this was caused by water in the valves. The alarm was rung in by L. B. Powell.

The fire was in the New York Clothing company's store. Mr. Powell's store is adjoining and he smelled the smoke coming from his cellar. Investigation showed that the fire was in the cellar of the clothing store and he immediately rang in the alarm.

The Alerts responded quickly and by good work soon had the fire extinguished. No great damage was done though the stock in the store was smoked and wet some.

L. Bremen, manager of the store, said he closed the store about 10 o'clock and everything was all right. He said he didn't know how it started. The fire started in the cellar and burned through the first floor to the clothing department. The firm had just advertised a closing out sale. The stock was insured through Smith & Jones. An investigation will be made today.

COMING DANCES.

The Foresters of America will hold a dance in their hall in bank block Friday evening. Palmer's orchestra will furnish music and F. D. Field will prompt.

The St. Jean Baptiste society will hold their annual New Year's eve dance in their hall Friday evening, December 20. Doll's orchestra will furnish music and F. D. Field will prompt. A pleasant time is assured at both places.

A very satisfactory rehearsal of the cantata "The Nativity," to be presented by St. Thomas church choir at the opera house next Saturday evening, was held last Saturday evening. Tickets are now on sale and seats can be had at Mole's drug store.

News at the police station was scarce Sunday. Only a few drunks were arrested. A case of disturbance from Chesapeake was in court this morning.

John Orr, a volunteer in the recent war, who formerly resided on Dean street, is visiting friends in town.

The last of the Christmas trees to be shipped to New York from this town were sent today.

There is good skating at Valley park and a good many young people took advantage of it Saturday and Sunday. The regular meeting of the Grand Army will be held this evening.

BROKE HER WRIST.

Mrs. Edward Kelley of Commercial street met with a bad accident Saturday evening. She was hurrying to the fire Saturday evening when she slipped on the icy sidewalk and fell. She tried to save herself by falling on her hand and fell with such force that her right wrist was broken. The injury was a painful one. A physician dressed the injury.

HOOSAC CLUB MEETING.

There will be a meeting of the Hoosac club in their rooms in Bank block Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of members is requested as there will be business to transact which will be of importance to every member of the club. Members should make special efforts to be present.

Mr. and Mrs. William Norman and family of North Adams spent Sunday with Mr. Norman's parents at Adams. The regular meeting of the selectmen will be held this evening.

The regular meeting of Lady Franklin lodge, Sons of St. George, will be held this evening.

Wolf Lillof, brother-in-law of Harris Steinberg, arrived at New York Sunday from London. He came on the Paris and purchased his ticket from Smith & Jones.

J. E. Cadogan has returned from Montreal, where he had been for his health. He is much improved and his friends are pleased to know he has recovered.

William Pulver entertained his brother and a friend from Chatham, N. Y., Sunday.

George E. Duggan, mail carrier, is very ill at his home in Zylomite. A. Pavo is filling his position.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Ford spent Sunday in Hinsdale.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday will be ember days. Special services will be held at both Catholic churches.

James Kershaw will work in Jenks & Mooney's store during the holidays.

Miss Sarah Love will clerk for A. J. Hurd during the holidays.

Cheesbro & Leab have the contract for painting the new Dewey hotel at Celville.

Miss Margaret Kearns was in Pittsfield Saturday.

T. Healey of North Adams spent Sunday with his brother, James, of this town.

Company M are to begin their weekly drills in the armory this evening.

The Alerts have received an invitation from the firemen of Williamstown to attend a fair there in the near future. The invitation could not be accepted but a few members will attend.

CARD OF THANKS.

The undersigned wish to thank their neighbors and friends for their many kind offices and assistance during their recent hour of trouble, at the death of wife and mother.

MARTIN BEST and Family

On page four of this issue is an announcement from Dr. Pfeiffer the natural healer of Boston, who has been in this county since April performing the most wonderful cures. He can be consulted free every Tuesday and Friday at his Adams office, 13 Myrtle street.

Heavy Is Blood Sleep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets, -beauty for ten cents. All drug stores, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c. 25c. 50c.

'Alley's East India stock ale 15c per 64 bottle at the Nut Shell, 15 Center st. J. E. KEANEY & CO.

A POPULAR MISTAKE.

Regarding Remedies For Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

The national disease of Americans is indigestion, or in its chronic form, dyspepsia, and for the very reason that it is so common many people neglect taking proper treatment for what they consider trifling stomach trouble, when as a matter of fact indigestion lays the foundation for many incurable diseases. No person with a vigorous, healthy stomach will fall a victim to consumption. Many kidney diseases and heart troubles date their beginning from poor digestion; thin, nervous people are really so because their stomachs are out of gear; weary, languid, faded out women owe their condition to imperfect digestion.

When nearly every person you meet is afflicted with weak digestion it is not surprising that nearly every secret patent medicine on the market claims to be a cure for dyspepsia, as well as a score of other troubles, when in fact, as Dr. Wertheimer says, there is but one genuine dyspepsia cure which is perfectly safe and reliable, and moreover, this remedy is not a patent medicine, but it is a scientific combination of pure pepsin (free from animal matter), vegetable essences, fruit salts and bismuth. It is sold by druggists under name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. No extravagant claims are made for them, but for indigestion or any stomach trouble, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are far ahead of any remedy yet discovered. They act on the food eaten, no dieting is necessary, simply eat all the wholesome food you want and these tablets will digest it. A cure results, because all the stomach needs is a rest, which Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give by doing the work of digestion.

Druggists sell these tablets at 50c per package. Circulars and testimonials free by addressing F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

The total amount of money coined by the queen of England's predecessors on the throne was \$1,025,000,000. During the present reign the mint has turned out \$2,250,000,000, including \$750,000,000 in India—a record for all time.

The small town of Werda, in the kingdom of Dahomey, is celebrated for its temple of serpents, a long building in which the priests keep upward of a thousand serpents of all sizes, which they feed with birds and frogs brought to them as offerings by the natives.

Surprise has been expressed that the Ashburnham first folio Shakespeare brought only \$2,225 at a recent sale. It was supposed that not less than \$4,000 would be realized from it. The reason given is that after it was catalogued two or three small blemishes were discovered, which were thought to detract from its value.

Found—A ticket to Dr. E. E. White's lecture, "The Duty of the Hour." The owner may have same by calling at F. E. Mole's and paying charges.

No-To-Bac for Fitty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. \$1. All drug stores.

The Adams Co-Operative Bank Has \$3500 to Loan.

This form of bank affords a convenient way for borrower to pay off a mortgage by small monthly payments.

For particulars inquire of

Frank Hanlon, Secy-Treas.

Christmas Presents AT HURD'S.

Silver Novelties. Gold and Silver Watches Beautiful Jewellery.

Toilet Sets. Dolls in Great Variety. Clocks of all kinds.

Call and see us. We can please you in quality, assortment and price.

A. J. Hurd, Jeweler, Stationer, Newsdealer.

PARK STREET, Adams, Mass.

Two Expert Watchmakers.

CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

Will commence in earnest from now till the 25th. We have laid our plans for a large share of the trade by making our store attractive.

Attractive assortments of

Neckwear, Gloves, Umbrellas, House Coats, Fancy Vests,

Leather Goods, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Sweaters,

At Attractive Prices,

All gentlemen's furnishings neatly boxed,

Special Suit Sale at \$8.75.

Bay State Clothing House

Armory Building, Adams

Neckwear, Gloves, Umbrellas, House Coats, Fancy Vests,

Leather Goods, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Sweaters,

At Attractive Prices,

All gentlemen's furnishings neatly boxed,

Special Suit Sale at \$8.75.

Bay State Clothing House

Armory Building, Adams

RECEPTIONS.

Costumes to Be Worn to Them and Towns For Fashionable Visiting.

Reception gowns are the chosen ground for the exhibition of the modiste's ingenuity, for fashion more and more inclines toward the principle of elaborating house costumes and simplifying those meant for the street. For reception toilets the most



OUT OF DOOR GOWN.

diverse materials are employed, as the gown is prepared according to the class of entertainment at which it is to appear, and the tastes, habits, wealth and social position of its wearer. Many costumes are in the prices style—have a coat bodice and a tight skirt flaring from the knees.

Visiting gowns, although more simple than those for receptions, are yet very elegant, velvet, silk and cloth being employed, the latter being enriched by embroidery or openwork. Cloth is now so manipulated, so unobscured by embroidery and other lavish decorations that it has become a luxurious fabric and is employed for gowns for many semicircular occasions.

The picture shows an attractive gown for a slender woman. It is of dark blue cloth, and the skirt is adorned with applications of black velvet. The half long coat recalls the Russian blouse, having a square basque and being belted in by black velvet. This jacket is trimmed with black velvet applications, has black velvet covers and opens over a collar and plastron of russet guipure. There is a flaring collar of cloth, with velvet applications, and velvet motifs also decorate the close sleeves. The jacket is fastened by straps of blue cloth and steel buckles.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

Caper Sauce Capers.

The caper, familiar in caper sauce and used also as a garnish for salads, is imported from Spain and France. Capers are grown in Italy, but none is imported from there into this country.

Capers are sorted into four sizes, of which the smallest are known commercially as nonpareils, and the next larger as surfines. The next larger in French capers are capucines, and the largest capotes, while the next to the largest and the largest of Spanish capers are known respectively as capotes No. 1 and No. 2. The smallest capers are the most desirable and bring the most money. French capers sell for more than Spanish. Capers are imported almost wholly in bulk in kegs of 15 or 16 gallons and barrels of about 40 gallons in brine or vinegar. A few capers are imported in glass, but they are mostly put up in this country. Capers grow on a bush.—New York Sun.

Royal Hotel Keepers.

The king of Wurttemberg may be regarded as a hotel keeper as well as a monarch. This has long been a tradition in his family, but not until lately was it discovered by the rulers of the beautiful little German kingdom how profitable innkeeping can become. When Peter the Great was traveling incognito through Europe, he refused to stop anywhere but at an inn. To circumvent this whim the then king of Wurttemberg put a tavern sign outside one of the royal palaces and dressed as an innkeeper, himself welcomed the czar. This royal personage's descendant now owns two large hotels, from which he is said to derive a revenue equaling \$50,000 a year.

Servian Justice.

A murderer in Servia must be executed on the very spot where he committed his crime. There a pit is dug, he stands in it blindfold, and a firing party shoots him. If he is then still alive, a revolver is held to his head to finish him, and finally the earth is shoveled in upon his body. There seems a certain poetic justice about this procedure.

Bon Ami

An Improved Cleaner.

THAT DOES AWAY WITH WEAR AND TEAR. IT REMOVES DIRT AND STAINS—NOTHING MORE.

THE BOOKKEEPER AND STATIONER,

75 Main Street.

Is the place to find them.

Fancy Groceries AT FISHER'S.

Fancy Cakes, Fancy Crackers,

Fruits of all kinds, Nuts, Figs, Candies.

Vegetables of all kinds.

Prices Low and Special Inducements to cash customers

G. G. FISHER,

Corner Eagle and River Sts.

PIPES

FOR

CHRISTMAS

We have an assortment of pipes, with or without cases, all prices. Cigar cases, cigar holders. Fancy brands of tobacco.

T. M. Calnan.

Tobacconist, Eagle St.

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Tobacconist, Eagle St.

The Transcript.

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 13 cents a week, 10 cents a month, \$3 a year.
 WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; \$1 a year in advance.

A. W. HARRIS.
 The Transcript Building, Bank Street,
 North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.

—John A. Andrew

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by The Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"
 from the seal of the city of North Adams

MONDAY AFTERNOON, DEC. 12, '98

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript at the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

COMMUNICATIONS on live topics are solicited by The Transcript. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.

LET THIS STOP.

Some quite prominent democrats are industriously circulating stories to the effect that the republican nominee for mayor is indulging in wholesale promising. It is the dispositions to be absolutely fair to the democrats and their nominees and wouldn't it be a commendable thing in the democrats to refrain from cheap politics? There are more weak spots on the democratic side than probably those on that side are aware of and it would not be pleasant to the republicans to be compelled to point them out for the purpose of self defense and to prove to the democrats that there is danger in making political capital out of rumors that are as unstable as the winds. This campaign can be conducted on high and broad lines and not conducted on material found in the gutter. The character of it will depend on the democrats. Let us get together and treat men as men.

Heavy rains, like those of last summer which played so much havoc with the streets, will be voted next summer if the democratic nominee for mayor gets elected. Please don't let us look upon the people as we do upon birds which are caught by chaff. The Transcript has faith enough in the people to believe they know the difference between the possible and impossible.

THE PLATFORM OF MR. GOODRICH

Frank H. Goodrich, candidate for mayor on the democratic ticket, favors the people today with his platform. It contains two things—an appeal to the workingmen and the expression of a belief in the initiative clause in the charter. The first is a faithful copy of the platform of William Dobson, given to the public several days ago, and the second was brought in to the campaign by T. J. Crowley at the democratic convention. The platform makes plain the important lines along which the democrats will conduct their campaign. It is evidently their intention to work for the vote that Mr. Dobson and the Workingmen's Municipal league represent. The workingman is very much needed at election time. It may be an open question whether the platform of Mr. Goodrich places him on the level of a vote hunter or on the level of a high-minded man, who would make a high-minded public servant.

REV. MR. TENNEY AND THE SALOONS.

Rev. W. L. Tenney preached a sermon at the Congregational church last night, taking for his subject "Is North Adams Ready to Close the Saloons?" The clergyman did not raise the question so much as he made clear just when the city will close the saloons. The sermon was in a much more temperate spirit than most sermons on the temperance question. The matter was approached mainly on the economic and religious sides with slight approach to the moral side, and thereupon room for adverse criticism of the preacher. He maintained his balance quite perfectly and was argumentative and not denunciatory. Perhaps his most extravagant statement was made when he spoke of North Adams as being "half drunk" in making a comparison between the economic efficiency of communities having license and communities having none. The gist of Rev. Mr. Tenney's sermon was that the saloons would be closed when the workingman, the business man and the manufacturer fully realized that it was more economical not to drink than to drink, and when the Christian church came to a realization of its business. Nothing in the sermon went so far to prove the sanity of the minister in his subject than his plain spoken way of telling the church its duty in the premises. He put it in a simple and forceful way when he said that if the church has any business at all the work of temperance reform is its business.

No one can dispute the clergyman's position when he claims that a drinking community has not the economic efficiency the abstaining community has, nor can anyone reasonably assail him when he says that the religious life is not as high and pure in a people who demand the saloon as in a people who do not. And his position with reference to morals cannot be assailed.

There is no other way to effectively and rightfully oppose the saloons than the way taken by Rev. Mr. Tenney. As he said, an anti-saloon movement should not be a political one. It should be the spontaneous outcome of an enlightened public opinion and a quickened religious and moral sense. When the saloon is removed by the force of these it will have gone to remain away. Shut it for a year or so through political spite and you simply give it opportunity to recuperate and it comes back in better condition for business because of its restful vacation.

The opposition to the saloons outlined by Rev. Mr. Tenney is the kind of opposition that all men will accept, even the saloonmen. The saloonmen will never fight pronounced moral and economic forces, but they will always fight a political opposition based on motives less worthy than their own.

THE NEW GOSPEL.

There is a text in Corinthians, formerly much in vogue among clergymen, which begins, "We preach Christ crucified." It may be fairly taken as Paul's idea of the duty of the Christian ministry; at least it has been for some centuries held up as a standard. But there has been more recently a tendency in some quarters to drift away from this ideal. The heat of the competition with the world, the flesh, the devil and other ministers has been felt in many pulpits, and the subjects evolved for discourses have become not only unpleasantly sensational, but slightly irrelevant to the line of thought which is in the province of the minister. An occasional incursion into the realm of politics, for instance, may be very commendable in a clergyman, but for the last six months a large class of ministers, locally as well as in the outside world, have, apparently given up the consideration of their religion, and devoted themselves to the exploitation of war, the condition of peace and the free peddling of advice about the political management of the world. All of which would furnish an extremely interesting social study for an educated Hindu concerned in the investigation of our conditions and the operation of the Christian religion.—Springfield Republican.

Who is doing the promising now?

Mayor Cady is the broadest man yet.

Forget the platform of Mr. Goodrich and think of the man if you wish to do him credit.

All the republicans have to do is to "keep her nozzle to the bank" and she'll safely ride ashore.

The Workingmen's Municipal league will be mindful of its own interests if it refuses to commit itself as a body to any license policy. It has begun well; let it end well.

By all means give the outlying streets every attention that can be given them, but do not raise false hopes. It is pleasant to get elected on high-sounding professions, but the sobering specifics come the day after.

Sheriff Fuller was in the city today, probably to get the sentiment of the bar and the people concerning the appointments of local deputies. He can make one re-appointment that will give general satisfaction.

We are glad that the democratic leaders are willing to admit that the platform for their candidate for mayor is a party one. It would be discouraging to be forced to regard it as his own. Of course we must remember Mr. Goodrich accepts it.

Those whose property abuts the outlying streets should take heart at once. Think how solicitous of their convenience candidates for office have become! Next year the outlying streets will be paved with gold and the public debt will be reduced just the same. Seriously, gentlemen, do you mean what you say and do you think you can meet the anticipation your carefully worded promises produce?

It Might Be Useful.

Pater—I don't see what interest you can possibly find in that book on hypnotism.

Filia (from Bryn Mawr)—Its application in stubborn cases of parental pendency tendency would be of inestimable value.—Brooklyn Life.

An Every Morning Incident.

Mr. Suburb (slowly waking up and rubbing his eyes)—What time is it?
 Mrs. Suburb (looking at watch)—It's three minutes of train time.
 Mr. Suburb (springing out of bed)—Tell May to hurry up the breakfast.—New York World.

Your friends may smile

But that tired feeling

Means danger. It

Indicates impoverished

And impure blood.

This condition may

Lead to serious illness.

It should be promptly

Overcome by taking

Hood's Sarsaparilla,

Which purifies and

Enriches the blood,

Strengthens the nerves,

Tones the stomach,

Creates an appetite,

And builds up,

Energizes and vitalizes

The whole system.

Be sure to get

Only Hood's.

GENERAL GARCIA DEAD.

Cuban Patriot Unable to Withstand
 Rigid Climate of the North.

Was Cultured, Refined and a
 Warrior of Distinction.

Original Conspirator in Uprising of Cubans
 Against Spain in 1868.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The sudden change from the warm climate of Cuba, with the hardships he had endured, to the wintry weather of New York and Washington, is responsible for the pneumonia which resulted in the death yesterday of General Calixto Garcia, the distinguished Cuban warrior and leader, and the head of the commission elected by the Cuban assembly to visit this country. He contracted a slight cold in New York, which did not assume an alarming stage until the early part of last week. On Tuesday night General Garcia, in company with the other members of the commission, attended a dinner given in his honor by General Miles, and it was a result of the exposure that night which culminated in his death.

General Garcia left a large family, only one of whom, Justo, a captain on his staff, was with him when he died. His widow and Mercedes, daughter of 17 years of age, are at Thomasville, Ga., where the girl is quite ill; Mario, a son 19 years of age, is with the mother at Thomasville, and Colonel Carlos Garcia, another son, is in Cuba. A daughter, Leonora, who married an American, is now living in Paris. General Garcia's mother is still alive and resides in Havana.

General Garcia, whose name will be ever linked with those of other patriots who have fought against unequal odds for the freedom of his country, has had a most active and varied life, much of which has been spent in fighting for the cause of Cuban liberty, which he had the satisfaction of seeing accomplished so short a time before his death. He was a man of culture and refinement, a splendid education and came from a distinguished family of Jiquani, of Santiago province. He was born in Caguas, Oct. 14, 1839, and was therefore in the 60th year of his age. General Garcia was educated in Havana and in Spain. In 1864 he was married to Isabel Velez.

General Garcia was the original conspirator in the uprising of the Cubans against Spain in 1868, and in that war under Gomez he attained the rank of a brigadier general. In October of 1868 he captured the towns of Jiquani and Baire and recruited many hundreds of patriots. He had command of the eastern departments during that revolution after 1873 and won many notable victories. While the revolution was in a critical state in the other provinces and its outcome was uncertain he maintained it with vigor in the territory under his command.

In 1875, while reconquering with his escort, he was surrounded by 2000 Spaniards. Preferring death to capture and subsequent execution at the hands of his enemy, he attempted suicide by placing his revolver under his chin and firing, the bullet coming out between his eyebrows. For months he lay between life and death, but was saved finally by Spanish surgeons who, possibly, had cured their own lives to his mercy. The Spaniards believing he was about to die, gave him a pardon. The hole which the bullet made when it entered the chin and came out between the eyebrows was always visible and shows plainly in the calmness of death.

For his participation in the revolutionary movement General Garcia was sent to Spain where, for four years, he was confined, remaining there until the peace of Zanjon. He then returned to the United States and, together with Joseph Marti, attempted another revolution. He landed in Cuba with a few followers, but the country wanted to try the home rule offered by Spain. He capitulated to the Spanish forces in order to save his few remaining followers and was again banished to Spain in 1880, where he remained under surveillance until 1895, when the last revolution broke out in Cuba. Then he escaped to France and later to New York.

His movements since that time and his active participation in the war are familiar to many newspaper readers. After coming to this country he endeavored to get an expedition to the island of Cuba in the steamer Hawkins, but this met with shipwreck in a storm and the cargo was lost. General Garcia was the last man to leave the vessel.

Undaunted by his failure, General Garcia made another attempt to ship stores for the insurgents, this time obtaining the ship Bermuda. He was intercepted, however, by United States authorities and was arrested on the charge of filibustering, but was released on \$3000 bail. He forfeited this bail, and in a final attempt landed on the eastern coast of the island with one of the largest expeditions that ever reached Cuba.

After landing he succeeded General Antonio Maceo in command of the troops of the eastern department, holding the rank of major general. General Maceo marching west with his men, At Maceo's death General Garcia was elected lieutenant general of the Cuban army, which position he held to the close of the war. During this command he assaulted and took by siege Tunas, Guisa and Guaimaro and cleared the interior of his department of Spanish troops.

After declaration of war by the United States and Spain, General Miles sent his representative to General Garcia and subsequently the American and Cuban generals co-operated in their movements against Santiago. All the officers who participated in the active war around Santiago bear testimony to the great skill, ability and loyalty of the leader by General Garcia during the campaign.

When the Cuban assembly met at the close of the war General Garcia was one of the principal advisers and was elected chairman of the commission directed to come to the United States and confer with the authorities here with reference to the work in hand.

The White House Design.

The White House is an exact copy of the Duke of Leinster's palace, Dublin. In March, 1792, the commissioners on building advertised for "a plan for a president's house to be erected in the city of Washington." The prize offered was \$500, and that of James Hoban, a young Irish mechanic, was accepted. The design was supposed to be original, but when the house was completed it was learned that Hoban had copied it from the duke's plan.

Have Right of Way in the House—Work Before the Senate.

Washington, Dec. 12.—Beyond the first three days there is no program mapped out for the house this week. Today will be devoted, under the rules, to the consideration of business relating to the district of Columbia and tomorrow the district of Columbia appropriation bill will be taken up. This is in pursuance of the determination of the leaders to give the appropriation bills the right of way whenever one is ready. There is nothing in the district bill this year to attract opposition and unless the unexpected happens the bill ought to pass Wednesday at the latest.

The appropriations sub-committee on pensions will commence work on the pension appropriation bill today, but it can hardly be ready before next week. It is confidently expected, however, that it will be passed before the holidays.

It is possible that Chairman Hull of the military affairs committee will be able to bring in the army reorganization bill as soon as the district appropriation bill is out of the way. He is exceedingly anxious to get the bill into the house at the earliest possible moment, as he is particularly solicitous that it should pass the house before the holidays. If it should follow the district bill a very interesting debate would be precipitated. The future policy of the government is ordained in the bill for the increase of the standing army, and the whole subject will be opened up.

The Democrats divided upon the question of increasing the regular army, but how far the opposition will go is antizipating the measure it is impossible to forecast. Only last week, during the debate on the urgent deficiency bill, Mr. Dearmond of Missouri, one of the leaders, evaded a direct reply when the question was put fairly to him by Mr. Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee. If the army reorganization bill should not come up the various committees under the call, would probably be allowed to clean up business that they have on the calendar.

The course of proceedings in the senate this week will depend upon the disposition that is made of the Nicaragua canal bill. It is Senator Morgan's intention to call up this bill this week, and he has expressed the hope that he will secure action at once. Few of his most sanguine co-workers agree with him in this opinion, and the best indication is that unless an agreement can be reached for postponement, several days at least will be consumed in its consideration.

The opponents of the measure will meet its supporters with a proposition to defer consideration until after the Christmas holidays, and they will give as their reason for this request the fact that the report of the government commission appointed to investigate the feasibility of the canal has not yet been made, urging the importance of receiving the information which the commission will be able to furnish before acting upon so important a question. If the bill is taken up, earnest it will consume the greater portion of the senate's time until finally disposed of.

Another subject on the calendar is the anti-scalping bill, which Senator Culver has informed the senate he will seek to get up at an early day, but it will meet with opposition if he makes the effort, and is not likely to succeed thus early in the session.

The special order for today at 2 o'clock is the bill providing for the registry of foreign built ships, but if the Nicaragua bill should be taken up the registry bill would not be allowed to consume much time. Senator Morrill has given notice of a motion tomorrow to consider the bill providing for the purchase of a site for the United States supreme court, but the proceedings with reference to this measure will be confined to a speech by the Vermont senator.

The urgent deficiency bill will receive attention early in the week. The committee on appropriations will meet today and it is believed that more than one meeting on the bill will be necessary. Senator Allison, chairman of the committee, hopes, therefore, to get the bill before the senate for consideration Tuesday.

It has been prophesied that the army bill would be used as a pretext for discussion of the Spanish war and the fear of such a course has not entirely subsided.

Sars Wife Cut Him.

Lynn, Mass., Dec. 12.—John Connelly is at the hospital with a three-inch cut in the groin, and his wife, Jane Connelly, is under arrest on the charge of inflicting the wound. Connelly said that while he and his wife were engaged in an altercation she succeeded in taking a razor from his hands and did the cutting. It is alleged that Connelly attempted to defend himself with a razor that was on a shelf near by. Mrs. Connelly managed to get it away from him and inflicted a wound that is likely to cause him considerable inconvenience, yet it is not likely to prove fatal.

Warship Grounded.

New York, Dec. 12.—The battleship, Massachusetts, soon after leaving the New York navy yard Saturday for Hampton Roads, struck an obstruction near Governor's island and three of her compartments were torn open. She was taken back to the navy yard at one Pilot. Bell, who was taking the Massachusetts out, said the tide was unusual, low, and that the Massachusetts while on her way to the Tompkinsville anchorage, struck the bottom. Further than this Bell refused to talk.

Knowlton Found Guilty.

Boston, Dec. 12.—Special Policeman Clarence H. Knowlton has been adjudged guilty by the board of police of having accepted bribe money from Corb E. Bradford. Knowlton was charged by Captain Foster of the Fifth division with having accepted bribe money from Mrs. Bradford, and having made an agreement with her, for the payment of cash, to furnish her with information relative to the issuance of warrants to search her premises for liquor and other prohibited articles.

Most of the 11 witnesses who were present during the Revolutionary war became settlers in

Admiral Lord Howe's White Squadron.

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DRAMATIC AND SPORTING

THE STAGE IN GOTHAM

Arthur Crispin's Budget of Gossip From the Theatrical Metropolis of America.

[Copyright, 1898.]

William H. Crane does not appear to have had very good fortune in the selection of his plays since he parted company with Miss Martha Morton. This lady, though by no means the greatest dramatist in America, nevertheless possessed the faculty of exactly fitting him with stellar vehicles. In fact, he has had nothing in many years



SCENE FROM "THE BATTLE OF SAN JUAN."

to which he seemed better adapted than Miss Morton's "Brother John" and "A Fool of Fortune."

Mr. Crane is now playing his annual engagement in this city at the Knickerbocker theater. The play is a comedy in four acts, entitled "Worth a Million," by Eugene W. Presbrey, the husband of Annie Russell. At the beginning it may be as well to state that this comedy is not worth a million or anything like it. It is, in fact, a very sloppily constructed piece, with a plot as diaphanous as the drapery of a skirt dancer.

The role allotted to Mr. Crane is that of Colonel Amory West, a retired Chicago millionaire, with a predilection for globe trotting.

When the play opens, Colonel West has just returned from a trip around the world. He informs his friends that he has been consigned to his care \$100,000 worth of diamonds, which are a sort of conscience fund to be applied to the support of Miss Phyllis Gregg, whose father, it appears, had been wronged by the man who had confided the jewels to the care of Colonel West. An ex-convict, John Gregg by name, is taken into the employ of a bank through the influence of Colonel West, and he is, of course, the father of Phyllis Gregg, who is known as Phyllis Gray. A portion of the plot dealing with heart affairs makes him the susceptible victim of a woman who had fitted him in his youth, and who in the meantime has married three husbands, but who still is, so the author evidently intends us to believe, heart true to the colonel. Take this little thread of a story, with the inevitable side issues which the most inexperienced playwright could interpose, shake them well together and throw them indiscriminately on to the stage, declare that it is worth a million, and it will be "Worth a Million."

If Mr. Crane's play is worth a million, what shall be said of "Trelawny of the Wells," which is the reigning attraction at the Lyceum theater in this city? If Mr. Crane's play is worth a million, "Trelawny of the Wells" is easily worth enough to buy the Philippines and the Carolines and pay off the national debt besides. In other words, while both are comedies, there is absolutely no comparison between the two plays. One is an example of how little it is necessary to put into a stellar

deniment and finesse which were not appreciated at all by the director of the enterprise, in which noise masqueraded as ability. She was accordingly put on half salary and a little later dismissed.

Arthur Gower in the meantime has also disappeared, and it transpires that he has become a member of the profession so that he may be able to regain Rose's affection. Tom Wrench, the general utility man of the "Wells" company, has a comedy which he has unsuccessfully tried for years to have presented, and by a very cleverly conceived device the vice chancellor is induced to supply the necessary capital for the exploitation of the untitled play.

In the fourth act everything is of course straightened out satisfactorily in perhaps rather a conventional but none the less pleasing manner.

It is almost needless to speak of the acting of the different members of the Lyceum cast. While this theater has had connected with it during the last decade some men and women whose names are household words all over the country it is doubtful if there was ever an organization controlled by Mr. Daniel Frohman more evenly balanced or more competent to exploit the particular class of plays in which his clientele seems to delight than the present one. The cast of "Trelawny of the Wells" is in part as follows:

- THEATRICAL FOLK.**
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Tom Wrench..... | Edward J. Morgan |
| Ferdinand Gadd..... | William Courtleigh |
| James Telfer..... | George C. Boniface |
| Augustus Colpoys..... | Charles W. Butler |
| Rose Trelawny..... | Mary Manning |
| Avonia Bunn..... | Elizabeth Tyree |

that now the troops can make a dash of 150 feet to the blockhouses at the top. Several of the familiar characters of the Spanish war are introduced, and some of the likenesses are remarkably strong. The effect of distance is admirably simulated, and the blockading ships of Sampson's squadron are seen in the offing with their searchlights working continuously. The spectacle probably cost \$15,000 to produce, but as it evokes the heartiest applause and is apparently serving to pack the house at every performance, it is likely that the investment will prove to be a good one. There are some few evidences of ruggedness, inseparable from such large productions, which, however, have already been worn down considerably and will probably disappear altogether after a few more performances, but no matter what the outcome of the San Juan experiment may be, it is a certainty that Messrs. Proctor and Fynes have tapped a vein which ought in some form to prove a valuable gold mine in the comingling of vaudeville with elaborate spectacular schemes.

Arthur Crispin
New York.

A Wonderful Blind Athlete.

When he was 10 years of age, James Perrin Hamilton, son of a minister of Grand Rapids, lost his eyesight by an accident. He went to the Michigan School for the Blind and graduated with honors, being especially proficient



HENRY WOODRUFF

on the piano. Then he went to Europe, paying his expenses by tuning pianos, in which he was wonderfully proficient. He learned the languages of Germany and France. After going through Albin college he entered the University of Michigan and graduated well up in his class.

In 1885 he married a bright, intelligent young woman, and the happy couple left soon for study in Italy and Greece. His reception there was remarkable, especially in Greece, where the blind are expected to beg for a living. Nothing more than this was imagined of Mr. Hamilton, but, on the contrary, he was a worker and needed no donations. He soon became the subject of extensive articles in the various Greek papers, and large crowds flocked around him wherever he went, so that soon the attention of the nobility was attracted.

Mr. Hamilton is not only a scholar, a lecturer and a piano tuner combined, but a musician of exceptional merit, having medals and testimonials from leading conservatories of America and the old world. His execution on the piano is marvelously sweet and pathetic in its shading and expression.

He has the usual wonderful power of memory which, often, if not always, characterizes the blind, and he is able to give the entire lecture of any man from notes taken during the delivery, provided the lecture is not over an hour in length. When writing, he uses the Braille system of perforating the paper, so that it is read on the reverse side, and he writes from 70 to 80 words a minute.

A surprising feature of his life is the fact that he holds seven medals for wrestling catch as catch can and has never been beaten unless he wandered out of his class. He won the championship medal and honors at the intercollegiate meet when it was held at Ypsilanti. Mr. Hamilton is ambitious, active and never content at being idle. He has prepared a lecture, "What a Blind Man Saw in Europe." It is unique, interesting and bright, and has been delivered many times. When the new school for the blind is completed in Greece, Mr. Hamilton is to have the same in charge, at the request of her majesty the queen of Greece.

REVIVAL OF ROLLER POLO.

Mr. Jacob C. Morse, President of the National Association, Writes of the Game and Predicts Great Popularity For It.

[Copyright, 1898.]

There is a wonderful revival of popularity in the game of roller polo this winter. The fact that twice as many leagues have been organized as ever before existed at any one time indicates the renewed interest in the sport. In several cities new and expensive rinks have been built especially for use in the game. Whereas a few years ago roller polo was not played to any great extent outside of the New England states, it has now gained a strong foothold in several other parts of the country.

The fact that New York city has taken up the game with great enthusiasm and has entered a team in the Southern New England league will have great influence in booming the sport. The first contest in the metropolis was recently played in the presence of about 3,000 people, who were wildly enthusiastic over the fine points of the game.

I asked Mr. Jacob C. Morse, the president of the National Polo league and one of the finest experts regarding the game in the country, a few days ago for a short account of the history and prospects of the sport this season. The following is his reply.

LEO ETHERINGTON.

The present professional game of roller polo is some 20 years old. Among the cities that first took it up are New York, R. I., and Lowell, Mass. The game was first played with six men on each side, but this number was afterward reduced to five, the present number. When the game was first played, the contest was for the best three goals out of five, but it was found that such a plan made the games of too short duration, and a time limit was made of two halves of 20 minutes each, and this again was subsequently changed so that three periods of 15 minutes each were played.

The game quickly took root when first introduced, and leagues were numerous east and west, but in a few years the sport completely died out in all sections except New England. Here the interest was kept alive. New Bedford, Brockton, Salem and Boston were old standbys of the game. The interest in Boston began to wane, when a change was made in the location of the rink. This was first situated in the Back Bay district, an admirable spot. Society people flocked to see the contests. The last attempt to revive interest in the game in Boston was made two seasons ago.

The sport was lost to Brockton on account of the destruction of the rink by fire. In New Bedford support of the game slackened and last season the manager, Fred Doe, had to give up the battle. The well known business manager of the Cincinnati baseball club, Frank Bancroft, was for many years manager of the New Bedford team. His support was very much in the game until

this season, when the scene of action was transferred to Connecticut. Salem still has a team, however, in a league of clubs of the immediate vicinity.

The scene of the greatest activity of the game has shifted twice from Massachusetts to Connecticut. It once more flourishes most successfully in the latter state. The clubs comprising the league are Hartford, Meriden, New Britain, New Haven, Providence, Springfield and Waterbury. The Hartford team is substantially that of the champion Fall River club of last season, and New Haven has the Pawtucket aggregation. Waterbury has some of the New Bedford players, and the Salem team is located in Springfield.

That the game is considerably more than hockey on skates is shown by the fact that the percentage of players developed fast enough to maintain the pace of the veterans is exceedingly small. Some of the experts of today played the game 15 years ago. Among these may be mentioned Tom Cotter, the father of the game, the central figure in the playing will be fatal in most cases. It is the passing game that wins. Nothing is more beautiful than to see a game between first class teams. It will be replete with fine juggling, skillful passing and accurate driving.

It is not saying too much that no sport brings forth the excitement and the enthusiasm as does the game of roller polo.

I was for many years secretary of the New England and National leagues and was this year chosen president of the National league. I think the future of the game is exceedingly bright. I feel positive that New York will be in the national circuit in another season and should not be surprised if Brooklyn and Jersey City also made applications for admission. In that case there is little doubt the game would once more spread into the west.

Jacob C. Morse
Boston.

Cornell to Build Shells.

An innovation in the college navy system is to be tried at Cornell during the coming season. This consists of the addition of a boatbuilding establishment. The prospective success of this scheme is expected to be so emphatic that it is already being predicted by the Cornellians that in the future all the Cornell shells will be built at Ithaca. The veteran rowing coach of the institution, Courtney, is to have charge of the work, as he is an expert builder of shells. The outcome of the plan will be watched with interest, particularly by rowing colleges, for if it is found that a shell can be so adapted to the rowing system in vogue at Cornell as to increase the speed of the crews we can expect all the colleges to add a boatbuilding department to their navy.



JACOB C. MORSE.

CHRISTMAS AMONG THE PLAYER FOLK.

There are very few among the thousands of persons in this country who earn their living by acting who look forward to the glad holiday season with pleasurable anticipations. To the actor Christmas does not mean a day of rest, with the good cheer thereto appertaining. On the contrary, it means for the people of the stage extra work for the entertainment of the more fortunate beings who devote the day to enjoying themselves and giving pleasure to everybody with whom they happen to be brought in contact—excepting only the actors.

For, be it known, there are invariably two performances on Christmas, one in the afternoon and the other at night. As actors are only ordinary mortals after all and are prone to indulge on Christmas eve in the seductive eggnog certainly to the detriment of their nonprofessional brothers and sisters their heads are sometimes in that condition for which rest and sleep are the only cures, and that, too, about the time when they must start for the theater for the matinee performance. In such cases the hardship is additionally great.

But, after all, the actor, male or female, is the greatest optimist in the world, and the condition which can cause him or her to become downhearted must be a grave one indeed. Therefore the day of days among the holidays is regarded by the people of the stage with a calm equanimity, and they proceed to enjoy it as nearly like other folks as their peculiar and circumscribed environment will permit. There is in almost every "road" company a Christmas tree the night before the holiday. This is prepared in advance, of course, and after the evening performance it is pushed out to the center of the stage, and the fun begins. There are presents for every one, including the stage hands, for "show people" are as generous as they are improvident, and that member of the company who repairs to the hotel at the conclusion of the festivities with less than half a dozen gifts must be a very unpopular individual with his fellows.

Eggnog has been known to occur at these Theatopian jollifications, and there is usually a good deal more of the nog than of the eggnog, the beverage which is served in the old familiar tin. The landlord of the hotel or boarding house at which the "troupe" happens to be stopping always "lays himself out" to provide a fine Christmas dinner for the actors. Usually, too, he succeeds, for actors are so used to poor fare on the road that any sort of break from the dull routine is welcomed gleefully. It is not unusual for the boniface to let it be known to the townspeople that the players will be at the hotel on Christmas at a certain hour, so that those of the young men of the place who aspire to being considered blasé and well posted as to the affairs of the stage may have an opportunity to invest their half dollars, or dollars, as the case may be, in a repast with real actors.

After dinner, which on the road is usually partaken of about midday, there is a great hustle for the theater so that the players may have time to dress for the matinee performance. After that the hotel furnishes a good supper. It is usually made up of what is left from the midday meal, but it is such an immense improvement upon what is generally served that the actors' pleasure is manifested by "jollifying" the landlord into the belief that he is about the best fellow in the whole wide world.

Sometimes there are presents from home for the players, but it is seldom that the players' companies are on the line. Some theatrical organizations with liberal managements fare extremely well at Christmas time if they should not happen to be "laying off" for the week, as is too frequently the case, but of all "road" companies those who find Christmas most pleasant are the repertory people. They remain in the very small towns not more than a week at a time, and as they go back year after year they make acquaintances in the different places visited, and an invitation to dinner on Christmas from a resident is not at all uncommon. It may be added that it is almost always accepted.

To the credit of the actor folk be it said that any child member of a company is always well provided for at Christmas time. All of the performers make it a point to give some present to the little one, thereby demonstrating who is so generally known to those who are closely affiliated with the theater, that, whatever actors are not, they are generous in the extreme.

Yankee Ice Artists Going Abroad.

There are strong probabilities that an amateur international contest in figure skating will take place in Europe this winter with American cracks among the competitors. Germany, Austria, Norway and England are agitating the idea. A number of American cracks will attend and participate. Not since the old Joseph Donaghy Athletic club as an amateur with a spotless reputation have the amateurs of Europe had the pleasure of witnessing the gyrations of Yankee ice artists, and Donaghy competed only in the speed events. Back in the seventies and eighties American champions had no difficulty in "eating" the best of Europeans, and it is predicted that those of the present day will be able to make as good a record.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

It is said to have been the comedian Roland Hoad who first gave Edna Wallace Hopper trial on the stage.

The title of a new little London farce, "The Mugwump," dealing with domestic jealousy, is derived from the error of the suspicious wife, who takes the American political slang term—her husband's nickname—to mean something dreadfully immoral.

Charles R. Pope, who was one of the best known Shakespearean actors years ago, has been specially engaged for the part of Colonel Capt. in "Rupert of Hohlstein."

It is published as a wonderful fact that a prominent new play was written in six weeks. In the fall of 1898 Augustin Daly made a play out of Charles Twende's novel "Griffith Gaunt" in four days.

Stage versions of "Pickwick"—there have been many first and last—have never been very successful in America.

A dramatization of Pickwick is to be one of the winter's novelties in Paris.

During the season Daly will revive "Atrienne Lecouvreur," "She Stoops to Conquer" and a compilation of the two parts of "Henry IV," with William Owen as Falstaff and Ada Rehan as Lady Percy.

It is reported that Edna May is about to sing the leading role of "An American Beauty" in London.

John Drew is going to publish his mother's reminiscences.

Jersey City's mayor is in favor of a Sunday theater. He thinks it would

prove a strong competition for the open saloons in New York.

It is now reported that Lillian Russell may make England her permanent home.

The Duke of Manchester is to become an actor. He used to act with Lord Roslyn in an amateur company.

The new "Shamus O'Brien" has been translated into German and will be sung this winter at Breslau.

The career of the painter Rembrandt is the theme of a new play recently produced in France.

Odette Taylor and her husband, R. D.

McLean, are to return to the stage in a series of Shakespearean revivals, with Charles B. Hanford.

It is quite probable that Julia Marlowe will be seen in a big revival of "The Winter's Tale" before the present season comes to a close.

The first theater in the United States was built at Williamsport, Va., in the year 1762.

A suit for breach of contract has been brought against a circus by a feminine Sandow, who was engaged to lift the elephant of the show, weighing 1,500 pounds. Lothely she failed in the

feat and was discharged, but not before her manager had caused the elephant to be weighed and found that high living on the part of the animal had increased its weight far beyond the amount specified in the contract, whereupon the female Samson brought suit.

Actors are beginning to drop the middle initials from their names. There's Charles Coghlan. When he came to this country in 1880, he was always billed as Charles P. Coghlan. The "P" has vanished now, as has the "L" from Downing's name, the "B" from Robert

Mantell's, the "T" from James Powers' and the "F" from William Owen's. Somebody has said that Augustin Daly is responsible for this fad.

Husbands and wives are regarded as less desirable than unmarried pairs of mimic lovers on the stage, on the objection to brothers and sisters in such association has been positive, but now Charles Coghlan and his daughter are to enact the hero and his sweetheart in "The Royal Rascals."

Atkins Lawrence is playing Martin Berry, the hidebound brother of Uncle Nat, in "Shore Acres."

DIAMONDS!

Make about the Most Acceptable

Christmas - Gift.

You can well afford to buy them, too, when well assured of two facts—

- FIRST—That you are buying the proper quality;
SECOND—That you are paying the proper price.

DICKINSON,

Jeweler, Stationer,
Art Dealer, - -

is in a position to fully guarantee

Both Quality and Price.

A thorough knowledge gained by practical experience prior to coming to North Adams, coupled with the benefit of handling only the better class of gems since here, raises our standard of quality naturally, and what we call fair is rated by a vast majority of reliable dealers the country over as extra fine.

No house outside the direct importers is in closer touch with the Diamond market, and with our knowledge of quality, we are in a position to own our diamonds right. Owned right, we can, and do, sell right.

Store open every evening until Christmas.

DICKINSON'S,

Jeweler. Stationer. Art Dealer.

Our goods are first-class. We know it. We ask you to see our stock and get our prices before purchasing your Christmas Presents. **Skates, Sleds, Jumpers, Tool Chests, Knives, Carving Sets.**

The Burlingame & Darbys Co.

FRESH EVERY WEEK

Patients who are taking Emulsion of Cod Liver will appreciate the fact that we are making a fine Emulsion fresh every week. This valuable remedy for coughs, colds and consumption is always better when fresh and is so perfectly made that it can be taken by anyone. Guaranteed to produce flesh and do good. We are selling it at the very Low Price of 48c a Bottle.

KEARN'S PHARMACY, 39 Eagle St

TO RENT:
Tenement of 6 rooms \$10 a month. R. Darrow 5 Elm street. 1168 1/2
Very desirable apartment to New Blackinton block, steam heat and in first class condition. Apply Joseph F. Reed, 267 Main street. 1168 1/2
Five room tenement, second floor, good neighborhood, 87. Inquire at 6 Winter street. 1168 1/2
Two furnished rooms, near normal school, light, heat, bath. Terms moderate. Inquire at this office. 1168 1/2
House ten rooms, steam heat, bath, hot and cold water, five minutes walk from Mark Hopkins school. Inquire 20 Pleasant street. 1168 1/2
Tenement at corner of Cherry and Meadow streets. Apply at premises or H. A. Gallup. 1168 1/2
House, No. 1 Church place.
Two new flats 17 and 17 1/2 Spring Street, near 5th. Inquire 11 Montana Street. 1168 1/2
Ten room house, No. 1 Quincy st. Inquire on premises. 1168 1/2
Up stairs tenement No. 111 Eagle street. In good repair. Inquire on premises. 1168 1/2
Fine warm tenement, Owen Morris, 12 Douglas street. 1168 1/2
House of 7 rooms, steam heat, store and barn. Inquire at corner of 5th and 1st. 1168 1/2
Single house of 8 rooms, bath, centrally located. Inquire 112 River street. 1168 1/2
Office corner Bank and Main street. Round brick, steam heat and running water. Inquire P. J. Boland. 1168 1/2
Tenement 8 rooms, 34 High street, \$12 per month. Inquire on premises. 1168 1/2
Modern apartment, 8 rooms, 108 Eagle street. 1168 1/2
Five room tenement, brick block, new, hot and cold water, Center street. C. E. Gardner. 1168 1/2
Cottage 7 rooms and bath at 18 East Quincy street. Apply Mrs. Emma Billings, 12 East Quincy street. 1168 1/2
Steam heated tenement in Arnold place. Inquire 80 Bond Block. 1168 1/2
Furnished room to rent, 3 Ashland st. 1168 1/2
Six room cottage, hot and cold water and bath new and clean, rent cheap. Inquire R. J. Kemp, 26 East Quincy st. 1168 1/2
Four new tenements on Washington avenue. All modern improvements. Inquire at office of T. J. Ashe. 1168 1/2
Two tenements, all modern improvements, a hot and cold water, rent reasonable. Inquire 24 P. Ryan, 84 Union street. 1168 1/2
Tenement corner Chase avenue, all modern improvements. Inquire 3 Ashland st. 1168 1/2
New room tenement on Pleasant street. Steam heat and all modern improvements. Rent \$5 per month. Inquire M. R. Dowlin, 11 Pleasant street. 1168 1/2

Between Cliff and Union streets, lady's pocketbook containing \$25.00 returned to 23 Glen avenue. 1164 21 x
Two pleasant rooms. Inquire at 28 East Quincy st, upstairs. 1144
A new modern tenement, with steam heat, B. J. Boland. 1168 1/2
Tenements and barn. Mrs. F. P. Brown 12 East Main street. 1168 1/2
Nice tenement to rent, 19 1/2 Veszie street. Inquire 12 Bank street city. 1168 1/2
Furnished rooms, 16 Morris street. Inquire of Wm. H. Bennett, 2 Adams National Bank Building. 1111
Four room flat, Holden street, \$10 and 11. Six room tenement, new, Central avenue, \$12.50 light, hot and cold water, new steam heat and electric lights. \$20 and \$25. Hudson street Inquire Ralph M. Dowlin's office, 121 Main st. 1168 1/2
Desirable tenement on Glen avenue. H. A. Gallup, Holme block. 1168 1/2

WANTED.
Opportunity to learn to operate a linotype machine by a young woman. Am 23, intelligent, and quick to learn. Will give 6 weeks time free for what I can learn by practice on a machine during that time. I believe I can make myself useful in a few days. Can go anywhere. References if desired. Address 302 78, Brockton, Mass. 1164 21 x
An unfurnished room on or near Main street. Address Lock Box 635. 1164 21 x
Girl, must be good cook and laundress. Apply 101 1/2 W. 1161 1/2
Reliable salesman wanted. We do not promise you a fortune but we can make it an object to the right man to sell our lubricating oils and greases. Address us at once. The Euclid oil company, Cleveland, Ohio. 1161 1/2
A few horses to keep during winter. New box stalls, large paddock. Condition guaranteed. Write for price etc. B. G. Warner, Pawnee Vt. 1160 21

LOST.
Sunday morning between 9 Spring street and Congregational church, a pair of gold bowtie eyeglasses. If returned to 9 Spring street or this office. 1168 1/2
Friday on Main street, a bunch of keys, seven keys in all. Return to this office. 1167 1/2

FOR SALE.
Small Trees from 2 to 10 ft. Address me and will call on you. Lock box, 29 City. 1161 1/2
Stuffs. For low prices on suits and office dress, address A. L. Pratt, Belcher town, Mass. 1161 1/2
A great bargain. My home 80 West Main street. Possession given in one month. Henry A. Tower. 1161 1/2

THE CHURCH MUST ACT

Then a Better Day Will
Begin For North Adams.

SHALL WE CLOSE THE SALOON

Rev. W. L. Tenney Preaches a
Strong Sermon Sunday Night.
Public Sentiment and a Man
for Mayor Will Do It.

Rev. W. L. Tenney preached in the Congregational church Sunday evening on the question, "Is North Adams Ready to Close the Saloons?" It was a strong and timely address on what Mr. Tenney called a "religious economic." Instead of political question. While of course an argument for no-license, it dealt mainly with the question "Is the city ready for it?" Mr. Tenney's strong point was that when the church was ready, the city could close the saloons. When the church members appreciate the full significance of their position as responsible in great measure for the welfare of the city on the saloon matter, a "better day" will begin in North Adams. The workmen, Mr. Tenney thought, were beginning to realize the dangers in the saloon, while manufacturers and merchants should quickly realize the actual loss it brought them. The church therefore, had the matter in its control. "Every time the saloon men win a victory, the church is on trial, and the church is condemned."

As a preface to the address, Mr. Tenney read the tenth psalm:

"Why standest thou afar off, O Lord? why hidest thou thyself in times of trouble?"

"The wicked in his pride doth persecute the poor: let them be taken in the devices that they have imagined."

"For the wicked boasteth of his heart's desire, and blesseth the covetous, whom the Lord abhorreth."

"Arise, O Lord; God, lift up thine hand: forget not the humble."

"Wherefore doth the wicked condemn God? he hath said in his heart Thou wilt not require it."

"Thou hast seen it; for thou beholdest mischief and spite, to requite it with thy hand: the poor commiteth himself unto thee; thou art the helper of the fatherless."

"Break thou the arm of the wicked and the evil man: seek out his wickedness till thou find none."

"To judge the fatherless and the oppressed, that the man of the earth may no more oppress."

The subject is not, and never should be, a political one, said Mr. Tenney. Men should retain their party connections and still unite in opposing the saloon. Nor is it needed that there be any candidate pledged to no-license. So far no candidate in this city has expressed himself against it, and it is unnecessary. Public sentiment is what must be effective on this question.

No-license men usually lose when they unite on some candidate who has declared himself for no-license. Vote for a man who believes in obeying the will of the people. It is well to remember that if the mayor is a man, (and Mr. Tenney emphasized "man") till it meant far more than "mayor.") If the mayor is a man, although he may not agree in believing in no-license, he will enforce the laws of the people.

Neither is the question a sensational one. It is simply and purely a religious and economic one, for the two must always be associated. It is a question based on facts which all may determine and unless these facts are sensational, the question is not. There are many friends who would be glad if this question were not referred to so frequently, but we have had sufficient experience to enable us to face it fairly.

It is not a peculiar question. When North Adams is ready to close the saloons, she will find herself in the best company she was ever in. Mr. Tenney then instanced and quoted statistics from Brockton, Haverhill, Fitchburg and Cambridge, showing increased prosperity and lessened poverty under no-license. Therefore we shall not be peculiar if, at some time, we become intelligent and righteous enough to close our saloons.

The question "Is North Adams ready to close the saloons?" can best be answered by asking others in question, "Are we ready?" In the first place, "Are the workmen of North Adams waking up to the fact that at present they are more interested in the question of closing the saloons than in any other?" I believe they are beginning to do so. They are seeing that the question of high or low wages makes little difference if the saloon has the first chance at the wages. The best temperance organizations now are those made up of workmen, and the latter admit that if the saloons were closed it would be better for their homes, their pocketbooks, and their standing as citizens.

Do the manufacturers of North Adams appreciate the fact that the money which the saloons pay into the treasury of the city is but a small per cent of what they are taking out of the efficiency of the working force of their operatives?" If North Adams is half drunk it cannot continue to compete successfully in the shoe business with sober Brockton. Shoe manufacturers especially are telling of the hard competition with other places. The question should be considered with reference to the saloon as well as with other economic matters.

"Do the business men appreciate the fact that when the saloon keepers have gone through a man there is not much left for legitimate business?" It is rarely that a man who comes into the city from the surrounding country on account of its saloons does any legitimate trading. There was a case last week, when a man bought a watch, but he lost the watch. The men in legitimate business should be the ones to put up the new business blocks, but how many of our new buildings have been erected without the aid of saloon money?

Are we afraid to carry out the legitimate interference of the teaching in our public schools? Under the present state law we teach in our schools the evils of liquor, but we keep the saloons open. If the saloons and their traffic be legitimate, do not teach the children that it involves so much of evil.

The last question, but the most important, is this, "Is the church of Jesus Christ willing to follow along the way of the cross in the temperance reform?" Is the church willing to assume its real, its natural position? The world has a right to hold the church, not the saloon men and others outside the church, responsible for the continuance of the liquor traffic. Every time the saloon men win a victory the church is on trial, and is condemned. A temperance worker recently said that we need a revival to accomplish the closing of the saloons. Yes. But we need a revival that shall arouse the church itself, not work to bring others into the church. The church is not here for a dress parade, but for active service.

What we need is men who will not only vote against the saloon themselves, but who will use their influence to arouse a public sentiment against the saloon. Do you recognize the saloon as something that threatens the city? Are you willing to fight against that which causes at least 65 per cent of the crime and poverty of the city? Then use your influence as well as your vote.

And are you willing to see that the license laws we have at present are enforced? The police record shows that in this last year the number of arrests has decreased, and that the number of minors have been fewer. The enforcement of the screen law for saloons has made them afraid to sell liquor to minors. But it was not the minister's place to do this. It was the place of the business and workmen and of the church of Christ. There is no need to fear for the result if the church will cease to be afraid of hard work in the cause. We do need a revival, and when the spirit of God has its way, a better day will begin in North Adams.

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INJURED IN A RUNAWAY.

Adams Polander Thrown From Sleigh
Saturday. Hope for His Recovery.

Adams has had a number of runaways during the past few weeks but there was one Saturday evening which was more serious than all the others. John Rutka, about 40 years old, and John Pollock, 22 years old, were returning from Greylock mountain. Both are Poles and were employed as wood choppers. Mr. Rutka was driving a bay horse owned by D. B. Cook. The horse ran along Park street and near the front of a sleigh. Near the Maple street cemetery the horse became frightened and started to run away. The younger man slid off the sleigh and Mr. Rutka tried to hold the horse.

The horse ran about 100 yards when the sleigh struck a sluice on the west side of the road near the new memorial building. Mr. Rutka was thrown forcibly against the masonry of the sluice and knocked senseless.

The horse ran along Park street and collided with a telegraph pole and was thrown to the ground. The sleigh was wrecked and the horse injured. P. Clancy and B. Crozier, hostlers for W. S. Jenks, took care of him.

M. A. and Albert Lewis were passing when Mr. Rutka was thrown out. They carried him to Dr. H. B. Holmes' office. Examination showed that the man was seriously hurt. He sustained a bad cut two inches long, that raised the flesh from the chin bone. There was a bad contusion on the forehead just over the left eye and it was feared his skull was fractured. His wounds were dressed and he was taken to his home on Orchard street in a closed wagon by A. A. Simmons.

The man did not regain consciousness for some time. He is in a critical condition but his recovery is hoped for. The man was unmarried and lived on Orchard street.

News of the Theaters.

Sevengala, the hypnotist, increased the mysterious success of his performances Saturday evening. He was able to secure about 15 subjects, some of whom proved excellent ones, and as a result the entertainment furnished was much more interesting. The first part of Sevengala's entertainment is similar to that of other hypnotists, and is amusing without being especially novel. He has his class perform various ridiculous feats, including the rigid body test, the live wire, which should certainly be omitted from the program since like Flint's electrocution test it is more horrible than pleasant, the athletic test and all the others. But in the latter part of the program Sevengala distinguishes himself as one of the most remarkable hypnotists of the time.

This is in the mental telepathy test. He places his own subject and his understanding in the hypnotic sleep, and then, using only three simple words of direction in addition to their names, has them perform tests given to him by persons in the audience. The certainty with which the subjects do things with no apparent direction from Sevengala other than his thoughts, is wonderful, perhaps the most remarkable Saturday being the playing on the piano of an air suggested to Sevengala by one of the audience. It took several trials to get the right tune, but the test was successful. The performance closes with the always amusing circus and side show act, in which all the subjects take part. Sevengala will be here tonight, tomorrow and Thursday at the Wilson.

At the Columbia Elroy's stock company will begin a week of elegant tonight, presenting high class repertoire. The opening place will be "The White Squadron." J. Harvey Cook and Miss Lottie Church are the stars of the company. Here is the list of plays that will be given, each with special attention to the scenic effects: Monday night, "The White Squadron"; Tuesday night, "Paradise Alley"; Wednesday night, "Land of the Midnight Sun"; Wednesday matinee, "Camille"; Thursday night, "The Rose Tree"; Thursday matinee, "Mrs. Whitehouse of Washington, D. C."; Thursday night, "The Midnight Alarm"; Friday matinee, "The Police Patrol"; Friday night, "The District Fair"; Saturday matinee, announced later; Saturday night, "She."

Wednesday night at the Wilson the play will be the "Vagabondia" by Mr. and Mrs. Russ Whytal and their company. They have never played in this city before, but have an excellent New York reputation, making a great success in "For Fair Virginia." Their new play, "Vagabondia," is a pretty romantic story of the 18th century, and especial attention to the costuming and scenery. Mrs. Whytal as Lady Daffodil appears to excellent advantage. Tickets are on sale at the Wilson house drug store.

In view of the discussion some time ago in regard to the performance of "The Little Minister" the local theater going public will be interested to know that the piece has been secured for the Wilson theater on January 24.

EMBROIDERY SALE.

An embroidery sale will be held at Miss Louisa P. Griswold's rooms, 4 Union street, O'Brien block, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week. Ladies are cordially invited to call.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Candidate Goodrich Announces the Statement
of His Position.

ATTENTION TO CITY LABOR

Is the Main Feature, With Endorsement of the Charter on Matter of Initiative for Citizens. Very Important Election.

Frank H. Goodrich, candidate for mayor on the democratic ticket, has made public the platform on which he is running. Here it is:

North Adams, Dec. 12, 1898.
To the Voters of North Adams:—

A municipal campaign is always of great importance to the people of the community affected; but I believe the election to be held in North Adams one week from tomorrow is of more than usual importance to our city because of the settlement that must come in some issues that have been raised and are of vital concern to the whole people.

That the voters may know where I stand on some of these questions, I desire to make the following plain statement of my position:

The policy of doing some permanent road building each year, with the idea of some day giving the city a complete system of paved and macadamized streets, is now well established for North Adams. Public opinion supports it and the future welfare of our growing city demands it.

But the question of how the work is to be done is an important one. I believe that in this as in all public work, the welfare of the laborer as well as that of the taxpayer should be considered. It is our duty to protect our own citizens; our privilege and good economy to see that the people's money is so spent as to be kept in circulation here in our own city as far as possible.

I believe that in all public work citizens who are competent and willing to perform the work desired should be preferred to all others; and residents, whether citizens or not, should be preferred to outsiders. I believe this policy should be carried out as far as practicable in all work done for the city by contract, bids being advertised for only with that provision plainly stated.

I believe that all city workmen should be placed on an equality in regard to the number of working hours in a day, and would see that provision was made for the nine-hour day—legally established for municipal employees by our statutes—for workmen under the pay of contractors.

Why this permanent road building should be continued, I believe the streets all through the city which cannot now be paved or macadamized should be given the most careful and impartial attention. All should be kept in fair condition, and neither in the care of roads nor the building of sidewalks should one section of the town be preferred above another. The people all pay taxes and they are entitled to some returns on their contributions to the public treasury.

To the end I believe much more careful attention should be given to the roads in our outlying districts, especially in the early spring when by cleaning out of gutters and rounding up of these roads they may be put in proper condition to withstand the hard rains of the summer.

I believe business principles should control the administration of city affairs always, and though there are many other matters of public policy on which I might explain how I believe these principles should be applied, yet these are the ones in which the public is most interested just now. If I am elected I shall give my best efforts to serve the whole city and all the people. The debt has been growing rapidly, and the most careful consideration should be given to all propositions for improvement that the burden of the people may not be unnecessarily increased.

Finally, I believe that the provision for the initiative was put into the charter in response to popular demand and in keeping with the sentiment of the times for giving the people direct control of the government, as they had under the town government; and I believe when important matters come up this method might profitably be employed to get at the real sentiment of the citizens. If I am elected mayor I shall welcome such expressions of opinion from the people.

FRANK H. GOODRICH.

Condemns Published Reports.

The Central Labor union held a special meeting Sunday, and discussed the articles published in two local papers concerning the relations of the union to Candidate Dobson. After considerable debate, the following resolution, which explains itself, was adopted:

Resolved, by the Central Labor union that the article appearing in the Evening Herald of December 9 and North Adams News December 10 in relation to the refusal to endorse William Dobson as the majority candidate was not authorized by this body and was published without its consent.

H. A. McDONALD,
PETER OULMAN,
JAMES DILLON,
Committee.

W. P. McDONALD, President.
W. L. MCGINNIS, Secretary.

Weather Warnings to Postoffice.

Postmaster Darby has received word from the weather bureau at Washington that the local postoffice has been listed to receive the "emergency warnings" of the weather department. These warnings will be sent by telegraph at the government's expense. They are issued when the conditions indicate tropical hurricanes, storms of unusual severity, or especially sudden cold waves. These warnings will be in addition to the present weather indications received at the postoffice, and will be displayed as conspicuously as possible.

If you have been sick you will find Hood's Sarsaparilla the best medicine you can take to give you appetite and strength.

A FEW DAYS LONGER.
Madam Julian, the palmist and hand-reader, will be in North Adams but a few days longer. Those wishing to consult her may find her during the week at Room 2, New Blackinton block. She has had remarkable success with her readings thus far. She consults with ladies only. Fee 50 cents.

"Lay It Aside Till Christmas."

Only 14 days more; then Christmas is here. We are selling bills of goods daily labeled, "Not to be delivered till Christmas." Have you made your selections yet?

Our store is an art show, delightful to visit and view the beautiful, and yet there are multitudes of dainty wares at very little prices.

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